

SWORDS WERE USED.

Duel Between Count of Turin and Prince Henri of Orleans.

Latter's Offensive Literary Attack on the Italian Army the Cause—Both Duellists Are Wounded—Story of the Combat.

Paris, Aug. 16.—The Count of Turin and Prince Henri of Orleans fought a duel with swords at five o'clock Sunday morning in the Bois de Marechoux. The fighting was most determined and lasted 20 minutes. There were five engagements, of which two were at close quarters. Prince Henri received two serious wounds in the right shoulder and the right side of the abdomen. The count of Turin was wounded in the right hand. Prince Henri was taken to the residence of the Duc de Chartres and received medical attendance.

The seconds of Prince Henri of Orleans were M. de Leontieff, governor general of the Equatorial provinces of Abyssinia, and M. Raoul Mourichon. The count of Turin's were Gen. Count Avagadro de Quinto and Marquis Carlo di Ginori.

The condition of Prince Henri of Orleans is as satisfactory as could be expected. The doctors, after consultation, have expressed the opinion that no important organ was touched, but absolute rest is necessary for recovery. In the first assault Prince Henri was hit in the right breast, though the weapon did not penetrate the thorax. On the strength of the report of the doctors the seconds decided that the combat must go on. The second assault was stopped because the combatants came into close quarters. In the third assault the count of Turin was hit in the back of the right hand, but the wound was slight. In the fourth assault the umpire, Maj. Leontieff, declared that the sword of Prince Henri was bent, and stopped the engagement long enough to furnish the prince with a new weapon. In the fifth assault the combatants again got into close quarters, and were immediately stopped. Prince Henri, in a counter blow, being hit in the right lower region of the abdomen. The doctors on both sides examined the wound and declared that Prince Henri was rendered by it clearly inferior to his antagonist. Maj. Leontieff and M. Mourichon proposed that the combat be stopped, and this was done by common accord. While his wound was being dressed Prince Henri, raising himself upon the ground, extended his hand to the count of Turin, saying: "Allow me, monseigneur, to shake hands with you." The count extended his hand.

The count of Turin, considering the letters of Prince Henri of Orleans to the Figaro offensive to the Italian army, wrote to him on July 6, demanding a retraction. This letter could not be answered until August 11, the day of the arrival of Prince Henri in France. The prince replied to the count's demand by telegram, maintaining the right of a traveler to record his experiences. The official account then describes the arrangements for the duel, gives the names of the respective seconds and says that at their first interview they agreed that the encounter was inevitable.

Rome, Aug. 16.—The news of the result of the duel has been received with the greatest enthusiasm. Crowds fill the streets, cheering for the count of Turin and the army, and calling upon the bands in the public squares to play the royal hymn. Many of the houses are decorated with flags in honor of the result, and all the newspapers have issued special editions giving the details of the encounter. Extra guards have been mounted at the French embassy and consulate. Congratulatory telegrams are showered upon the members of the royal family from all parts of Italy, and many have been received from abroad.

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY.

Blessing of the Chimes of St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York.

New York, Aug. 16.—With elaborate and solemn ceremonies the new chimes of St. Patrick's cathedral in this city were blessed Sunday afternoon by Archbishop Corrigan, assisted by a number of priests and two score acolytes, in the presence of fully 5,000 persons. The chimes, which are 19 in number, were made in Savoy and for the ceremony of their blessing were hanging in a temporary booth in the north-western part of the cathedral, under the choir. They are made of the finest metal and vary in weight from 300 to 7,000 pounds. The ceremony is somewhat similar to the sacrament of baptism, and all the oils and instruments, chrisms, etc., used at a christening, with a few additions, were used in the blessing of the bells. The chimes, which cost \$50,000, are the finest in the United States.

Iron Prices Advance.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 16.—An average advance of three dollars a ton in the price of structural steel has been made at the mills in this city within the past three or four days, and another advance is looked for. A representative of the Cleveland Rolling Mill company said that he would not be surprised to see the price go up two dollars a ton more within the next 30 days.

Cremated.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The body of Pom Kwang Soh, the former Korean minister to this country, whose death occurred here last Friday, was on Sunday cremated, according to the expressed wish of the deceased, and his ashes placed in the keeping of the present minister, Mr. Chin Pong Ye. Later they may be returned to Corea.

Death of an Inventor.

New York, Aug. 16.—Col. James R. Haskell, inventor of the multicharge gun, died at his home at Passaic, N. J., Sunday, aged 65 years. He had been ill for several years.

DYNAMITE FOR HATFIELD.

Outlaw's Rocky Fortress Blown Up and a Deadly Battle Follows.

Huntington, W. Va., Aug. 16.—One-half of the Devil's Backbone, the rocky fortress of the Hatfields in the mountains on Tug river, was shattered by dynamite Saturday, and "Cap" Hatfield and his men were driven from their stronghold by Sheriff Keagle and his posse after a desperate battle. Several of the sheriff's men are badly wounded, but the Hatfields, with the exception of three seriously wounded, are still free. Much has been accomplished, however. The rocky crest where the Hatfields have for years defied the law, and from which they have carried out their bloody plans, is no longer a tenable fortress. It was decided by the besieging force to dynamite the desperado and his gang. All day Friday and Friday night the closest watch was kept. At nine o'clock Saturday morning the dynamite arrived, and two hours later the explosive was placed. The fuse was quickly lighted and the match applied, and the attacking force hastily fell back. Until then the besieged seemed not to suspect what was being done, but with the flashing of the train which led to the dynamite realization of their peril came. Men jumped from cover and rushed hither and thither in full view. "Cap" Hatfield was seen to start for the path, heedless of a shower of bullets.

A rush was made down the side of the mountain, but during the fierce fusillade three men dropped wounded. It was seen it was useless to try to escape by the well-known path, and the desperadoes returned to the top of their rocky fort, Hatfield directing them. Great bowlders were hurled over the rocks in hopes of breaking the fuse, but in vain. Then came the explosion. Pieces of rocks and trees flew in every direction. When the smoke cleared away Hatfield and his men seemed unhurt. Daniel Lewis, Stephen Stanley and Jacob Monroe, three of the gang who dared in the excitement to leave shelter, were shot, and are not expected to recover. Another charge of dynamite was trained, but, under the cover of the explosion, Hatfield and the rest of his men escaped. The chase was renewed, and hampered as he is by his wounds, Hatfield's capture is regarded as certain.

WHITES AND NEGROES FIGHT.

Race Riot in Arkansas Results in Three Deaths.

Little Rock, Ark., Aug. 16.—The bloodiest race riot that has occurred in Arkansas in months took place at Palarm station, 30 miles from Little Rock, late Saturday evening. Three men are dead, another fatally wounded and two others badly injured. The dead are: Harrison Kerr, a negro, shot all to pieces; Charles Peters, colored, killed outright; Charles Andry, shot through the heart. The seriously injured are: J. T. Clark, Jr., a telegraph operator, shot through the shoulder, probably fatally; R. D. Owens, white, deputy sheriff of Perry county, shot through the groin, seriously wounded. When he attempted to make the arrest at Palarm Kerr opened fire on the officer. The first shot struck Owens in the groin, the bullet striking silver in the trousers pocket, glanced and inflicted a serious wound. The money in Owens' pocket probably saved his life. Andry and Clark went to Owens' assistance and five more negroes joined in with Kerr. A pitched battle ensued in which over 50 shots were fired. When the shooting was over Andry and Peters lay dead, Clark had staggered into his office and fell upon the floor. Owens was lying in a ditch near the station and Kerr and the remainder of his companions had disappeared.

The entire town was at the scene of the shooting and a posse started in pursuit of the fleeing negroes. Harrison Kerr was found lying dead in the road a mile away, literally shot to pieces, blood running from five wounds in his body. The other negroes who participated in the bloody affair continued their flight and have not yet been captured. The whole county is in a fever of excitement, and should Kerr's associates be captured they will never come to trial.

THREE DROWNED.

Bathers Lose Their Lives in the Surf at Atlantic City.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 16.—Within sight and almost within reach of thousands of happy bathers the surf Sunday first engulfed one life and two hours later tossed the body up on the sands. A short time later and two more lives went out in the surf and the bodies are yet unrecovered and the identity of the persons drowned unknown. There were also 25 thrilling rescues from drowning, two rescued bathers are still in a critical condition at the city hospital, and three of the life guards who assisted in the work of rescue lie at their homes in a disabled condition as a result of the heroic work.

Thomas C. Laswell, of Princeton, Ind., waded into the surf at the foot of New York avenue and five minutes' later was swept into deep water. He did not rise to the surface again. Two hours later the body washed ashore fully half a mile from the place where the accident occurred. Laswell was an employee of the Indiana Air Line railway.

Heavy Tobacco Crop.

Milton, Wis., Aug. 16.—Farmers in the tobacco belt of Wisconsin are now putting into their sheds one of the finest crops the Badger state has ever produced. The yield is estimated at 80,000 boxes, an increase of 25 percent, as compared with last year. The yield would have been much larger had not Dane and Vernon counties been visited by destructive hailstorms.

Killed by the Cars.

Newark, N. J., Aug. 16.—A Pennsylvania passenger train struck and instantly killed Frank McCann and two horses at Frazeburg.

DEATH OF SENATOR GEORGE.

Mississippi Statesman a Victim to Heart Disease.

Mississippi City, Miss., Aug. 16.—United States Senator James Z. George died here Saturday. His death was not unexpected, as he had been suffering with heart trouble a year or more. In May last he and his wife celebrated their golden wedding. A month later she died, and since then the senator has failed rapidly. Two weeks ago his son brought him to Mississippi City for change of scene and air, but he got no better.

Gov. McLaurin says he has not thought of a successor. However, ex-Gov. Lowry, Congressman Allen, Sullivan and Williams, Judge Terrell, Senator-elect Money, and others are being mentioned.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 16.—The remains of the late Senator James Z. George, who died at Mississippi City Saturday, reached this city Sunday at two p. m. and were met at the depot by an immense crowd of citizens. A line of march was formed and the remains conveyed to the rotunda of the capitol, where they will lay in state under a military guard. Immediately after the remains were placed on the flowery bier in the capitol, the lid of the coffin was removed and a ceaseless throng of people passed in line to view for the last time the face of the great statesman. Those who composed the pall-bearers were as follows: Gov. A. J. McLaurin, State Auditor W. D. Holder, Land Commissioner J. M. Simonton, A. J. Russell, ex-Gov. W. M. Stone, Attorney-General W. N. Nash, Jesse McLain, Mayor Wharton, Senator Walthall, J. A. P. Campbell, State Treasurer A. Q. May, S. S. Calhoun, ex-Gov. Lowry, T. K. Wharton, T. J. Mitchell, W. L. Hemingway, R. H. Henry, Samuel Livingston.

James Z. George was born in Monroe county, Oct. 29, 1829. His father having died in his infancy, he removed, when eight years of age, with his mother to Noddy county, Miss., where he resided two years. He then removed to Carroll county, where he was educated in the common schools then existing. He volunteered as a private in the First regiment of Mississippi volunteers in the Mexican war, commanded by Col. Jefferson Davis, and was at the battle of Monterey. On his return he studied law and was admitted to the bar in Carroll county. He was elected reporter of the high court of errors and appeals in 1864, reelected in 1869, and prepared and published ten volumes of the reports of the decisions of that court, and afterwards prepared and published a digest of all the decisions of the supreme court and high court of errors and appeals of that state from the admission of the state into the union, to and including the year 1870. He was a member of the convention in Mississippi in 1861 which passed the ordinance of secession and he voted for and signed that instrument. He was a captain in the Twentieth regiment of Mississippi volunteers in the confederate army, afterwards a brigadier general of state troops and later colonel of the Fifth regiment of Mississippi cavalry in the confederate army. He was chairman of the democratic state executive committee of Mississippi in 1875-76. In 1879 he was appointed one of the judges of the supreme court of Mississippi and elected chief justice, but resigned his seat on the supreme bench in February, 1881, to take his seat in the senate on the 4th of March in that year, and was re-elected in 1886 and again in January, 1892. He was a member of the constitutional convention of the state of Mississippi which was held in 1890 and framed the present constitution of the state. His term of service would have expired March 3, 1899.

MILLIONS FOR FARMERS.

Estimates on Their Enormous Share in the New Era of Prosperity.

New York, Aug. 16.—Estimates of Wall street men bring the total amount to be gained by western farmers this year up to \$700,000,000. Another estimate, prepared under the direction of Col. James H. Brigham, acting secretary of agriculture, for the World, is based on the crops of 1896. The impression now is that the yields for this year will not differ widely from those of last year. In some instances the figures may be slightly in excess and other products may note a slight decrease. Eight products chosen as illustrating the vast financial benefits accruing to the farmers of the United States from the recent rapid rise in prices are cattle, wheat, corn, potatoes, cotton, sheep, swine and wool. Careful comparison has been made of the prices now prevailing with those which obtained during the whole of last year. The results show an inflow of \$410,000,000 to the pockets of the farmers. To this large sum, which is already in sight, must be added an estimate of \$90,000,000 for the increased profits that have been realized on crops of oats, barley, rye, hay, flax, hops and other miscellaneous but valuable products of the farm.

TOURISTS ROBBED.

Highwaymen in Yellowstone Park Secure About \$500.

Yellowstone Lake, Wyo., Aug. 16.—Two masked highwaymen held up and robbed a number of Yellowstone National Park transportation coaches in the park Saturday morning, relieving the tourists of about \$500. The fugitives have not been apprehended. The coaches were robbed while en route from Canyon hotel to Norris Geyser basin and had covered about three miles of their journey. At the point where the hold-up took place was the crest of a high hill where the freight road branches off from the government road at a sudden turn. Each coach was halted and robbed as it drove up. Col. Young has an excellent description of the men and it will be almost impossible for the highwaymen to leave the park, as soldiers are guarding every possible outlet. None of the passengers in the coaches were hurt.

Suicide of a Racing Man.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 16.—A special to the Evening Post from Gallatin, Tenn., says: Capt. W. H. Shafer, one of the best-known racing men in the south, committed suicide by shooting himself through the left temple in his room in the Trousdale house in this city early Saturday morning. No cause is assigned for the rash act, as he was wealthy and seemingly happily situated in all his relations. He was the owner of the Peytonia stock farm near Gallatin and was worth in the neighborhood of \$150,000. He was 55 years old and a widower.

THE CORN CROP.

Best Part of It Will Be Safe from Frost by Middle of September.

Chicago, Aug. 11.—The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country and the general effect of the weather on the growth, cultivation and harvest of the same were Tuesday made by the directors of the several climate and crop sections. The reports received at Chicago were as follows: Michigan—Week favorable for work, and growth. Oats being finely secured. Pastures and beans in fine condition, but potatoes are poor. Fall plowing begun. Unfavorable weather at planting makes corn late, but otherwise a very promising and will be generally safe from frost September 14.

Indiana—Corn continues to grow rapidly, but in some localities it needs rain; the early corn is turning well, late planted is in silk and tassels; some will be safe from frost by September 15 and most by October 1. Tobacco grows well. Threshing and fall plowing continues.

Illinois—Week and corn continues to make splendid growth, with early fields in roasting ears and late fields tasseling and silking; the early will be safe from frost by September 5 to 10, and late by September 20 to October 1. Prospect very promising. Broom corn heading in early fields and cutting will begin August 20, with fair to good yield of good brush. Oats threshing well under way; also plowing.

Iowa—Warm growing week, with well distributed showers. Corn making fine progress and nearly half of the crop will be safe from frost by September 15 to 20. Most of late planted will need all of September and small percentage will require ten warm days in October.

Wisconsin—Liberal rains in central and southern sections improved pastures and corn and did not interfere greatly with harvesting. Oats and spring wheat being cut. Both crops suffered considerably from rust. Corn earing well, and with favorable weather will be out of danger of frost by September 15. Potatoes light and quality inferior. Tobacco doing well.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Standing of the Baseball Clubs for the Week Ended August 13.

The following tables show the number of games won and lost and the percentage of the clubs of the leading baseball organizations. National league:

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Boston	44	29	.603
Baltimore	39	30	.563
Cincinnati	38	31	.552
New York	33	36	.475
Milwaukee	32	37	.462
Chicago	30	39	.435
Louisville	29	40	.420
Philadelphia	28	41	.405
Pittsburgh	27	42	.392
Brooklyn	26	43	.378
Washington	25	44	.363
St. Louis	24	45	.348

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Indianapolis	28	32	.469
Columbus	27	33	.447
Milwaukee	26	34	.435
St. Paul	25	35	.417
Detroit	24	36	.400
Grand Rapids	23	37	.383
Minneapolis	22	38	.366
Kansas City	21	39	.349

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
St. Joseph	27	33	.447
Cedar Rapids	26	34	.435
Des Moines	25	35	.417
Quincy	24	36	.400
Rockford	23	37	.383
Dubuque	22	38	.366
Peoria	21	39	.349
Burlington	20	40	.333

WEYLER RESIGNS.

Spanish Commander in Cuba Said to Have Given Up.

Havana, Aug. 14.—It is learned on what seems to be the best authority that Capt. Gen. Weyler has sent his resignation to Madrid. This report is generally believed to be true. There is no doubt that the resignation of Gen. Weyler is due to the assassination of Senor Canovas del Castillo, the premier of Spain, through whose personal wishes Capt. Gen. Weyler was retained in Cuba. The report of Gen. Weyler's resignation is a cause for satisfaction among Cuban sympathizers and reconcentrados, who, in the advent of another chief of the loyal Spanish troops in Cuba, see only relief from the "policy of conciliation" which has resulted in such suffering to the pacificos of Cuba.

Will Meet in Columbus.

New York, Aug. 12.—Columbus, O., has been selected as the place for holding the national convention of mayors and councilmen, which will be held September 28 to October 1. The programme of the convention will cover all topics of interest to city officials, such as street lighting, garbage collection and disposition, street cleaning, franchise grants and revenues, paving, sewerage, water supply, fire and police protection, etc.

Two Lives Lost.

Zurich, Aug. 13.—A dispatch from Baden, canton of Argau, on the Limmat, the locality of the famous hot mineral springs, says that a great fire almost destroyed the Neue Kuranstalt Baden, or Grand hotel, Thursday evening. There was a panic among the guests and two lives were lost.

THE MARKETS.

	New York, Aug. 14.	Chicago, Aug. 14.
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	\$4.25 @ 5.25	\$4.25 @ 5.25
Sheep	3.00 @ 4.00	3.00 @ 4.00
Hogs	4.10 @ 4.40	4.10 @ 4.40
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents	8.85 @ 9.25	8.85 @ 9.25
Minnesota "Bakers"	8.50 @ 8.75	8.50 @ 8.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	94 1/2 @ 95 1/2	94 1/2 @ 95 1/2
September	88 1/2 @ 90 1/2	88 1/2 @ 90 1/2
CORN—No. 2	32 1/2 @ 33 1/2	32 1/2 @ 33 1/2
September	32 1/2 @ 33 1/2	32 1/2 @ 33 1/2
OATS—No. 2	22 @ 22 1/2	22 @ 22 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery	11 @ 11 1/2	11 @ 11 1/2
Factory	7 @ 7 1/2	7 @ 7 1/2
CHEESE—Large, White	7 1/2 @ 8	7 1/2 @ 8
EGGS—Western	13 1/2 @ 14	13 1/2 @ 14
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	\$3.85 @ 5.15	\$3.85 @ 5.15
Stockers	3.25 @ 3.50	3.25 @ 3.50
Feeders	3.00 @ 4.45	3.00 @ 4.45
Cows	1.90 @ 3.30	1.90 @ 3.30
HOGS—Light	3.85 @ 4.05	3.85 @ 4.05
Rough Packing	3.60 @ 3.70	3.60 @ 3.70
SHEEP	2.35 @ 4.20	2.35 @ 4.20
BUTTER—Creamery	11 @ 11 1/2	11 @ 11 1/2
Dairy	9 @ 9 1/2	9 @ 9 1/2
EGGS	10 1/2 @ 11	10 1/2 @ 11
POTATOES—New (per bu.)	43 @ 75	43 @ 75
BROOM CORN	20 @ 20 1/2	20 @ 20 1/2
PORK—Mess, September	7.90 @ 8.10	7.90 @ 8.10
LARD—September	4.37 1/2 @ 4.45	4.37 1/2 @ 4.45
FLOUR—ON A	11 @ 11 1/2	11 @ 11 1/2
Straights	3.60 @ 4.00	3.60 @ 4.00
GRAIN—Wheat, September	81 1/2 @ 82 1/2	81 1/2 @ 82 1/2
Corn, No. 2	4.00 @ 4.10	4.00 @ 4.10
Oats, No. 2	17 1/2 @ 17 3/4	17 1/2 @ 17 3/4
Rye, No. 2	46 @ 46 1/2	46 @ 46 1/2
Barley, Choice to Fancy	31 @ 35 1/2	31 @ 35 1/2
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Red	87 1/2 @ 87 3/4	87 1/2 @ 87 3/4
Corn, No. 2	29 @ 29 1/2	29 @ 29 1/2
Oats, No. 2	17 1/2 @ 17 3/4	17 1/2 @ 17 3/4
Barley, No. 2	45 @ 45 1/2	45 @ 45 1/2
Chrys, No. 1	46 @ 46 1/2	46 @ 46 1/2
PORK—Mess	8 1/2 @ 8 3/4	8 1/2 @ 8 3/4
LARD	4 40 @ 4 45	4 40 @ 4 45
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2	87 1/2 @ 87 3/4	87 1/2 @ 87 3/4
Corn, No. 2	27 @ 27 1/2	27 @ 27 1/2
Oats, No. 2	15 1/2 @ 15 3/4	15 1/2 @ 15 3/4
Rye, No. 2	40 @ 40 1/2	40 @ 40 1/2
CATTLE—Native Steers	14 00 @ 15 10	14 00 @ 15 10
Stockers and Feeders	12 50 @ 13 00	12 50 @ 13 00
HOGS	3 75 @ 3 85	3 75 @ 3 85
SHEEP	2 10 @ 2 20	2 10 @ 2 20
CATTLE—Native Steers	14 00 @ 15 10	14 00 @ 15 10
Texas	13 50 @ 14 00	13 50 @ 14 00
HOGS	3 75 @ 3 85	3 75 @ 3 85
SHEEP	2 10 @ 2 20	2 10 @ 2 20

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures and prevents swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Left Him Guessing.

"I don't know whether I have been complimented or not," said Chollie. "What is the occasion?" asked his friend. "Miss Figg told me she believed I was more intelligent than I pretended to be,"—Indianapolis Journal.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomachs receive it without distress. 1-4 the price of coffee. 15c and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Effie's Brother—Do you love my sister Effie? Effie's Steady Company—"Why, Willie, that is a queer question. Why do you want to know? Effie's Brother—"She said last night she would give a \$10 note to know; and I'd like to scoop it in,"—Tit-Bits.

Since P. M. Sharples, of West Chester, Pa., has delivered to Mr. W. I. Moody, of Nashua, Iowa, 500 Dairy Separators for use in the new system whereby the farmers are saved 10 cts. per 100 lbs. of milk, he has received orders from five other Creamery Managers for similar outfits.

"And now—" Nero bent his glance toward imperial Rome in flames and twanged the E string carefully to see if his instrument was in tune—"I'll give 'em some appropriate music!" Bringing down the bow with a flourish, he soon had the quick strains of "There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town To-Night!" quivering from his violin.—Puck.

You look troubled, old man. "I am. My wife has threatened to leave me, and I'm afraid she won't,"—Tit-Bits.

We would rather have anything that is lost stay lost forever than have it found by a methodical man.—Atchison Globe.

Affording Relief—"Our typewriter girl asked the boss if he couldn't lighten her work this hot weather. 'What did he say?' 'He told her not to let her typewriter keys so hard and to lick her postage stamps only on the corners,'—Chicago Record.

If you say anything about not feeling well, nine out of ten of your friends will suggest some remedy.—Washington Democrat.

Women do not enjoy a party without men in it, unless the men appear anxious to know about it afterwards.—Washington Democrat.

"I wonder," said the man of a statistical turn—"I wonder how much powder is destroyed daily in useless salutes?" "There must be a lot," said the frivolous girl; "but I suppose women will go on kissing one another, just the same,"—Indianapolis Journal.

Husband—"Do you need anything for the house?" Wife—"The cook says there is not enough china to last the week out,"—Life.

He—"Do you think women are the equals of men?" She—"Yes; but I don't think men are the equals of women,"—Columbus State Journal.

Find a way or make one. Everything is either pushed or pulled. The world always